

# Intradialytic stunning

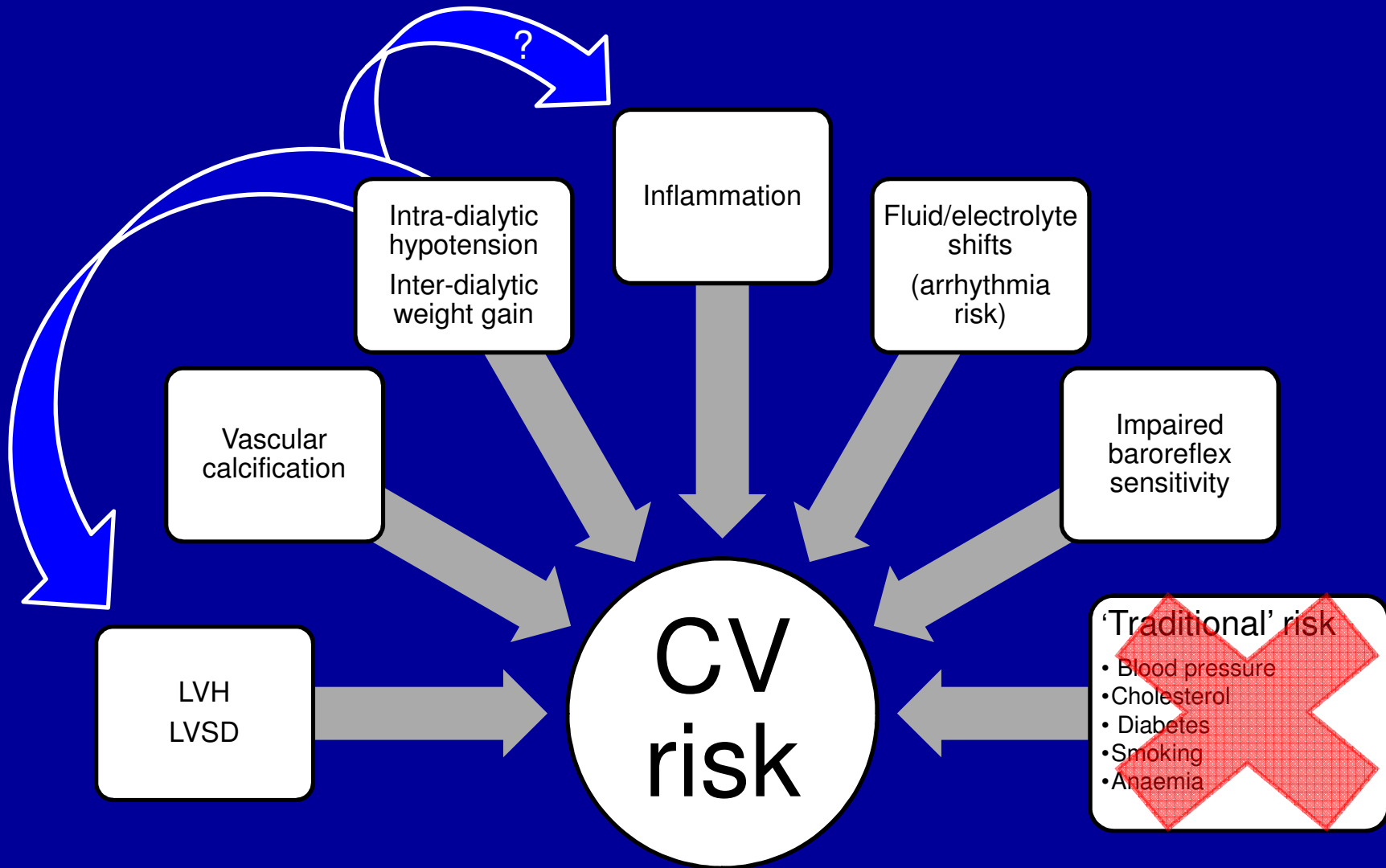
The role of systemic circulatory stress in uraemic complications



**Chris McIntyre**

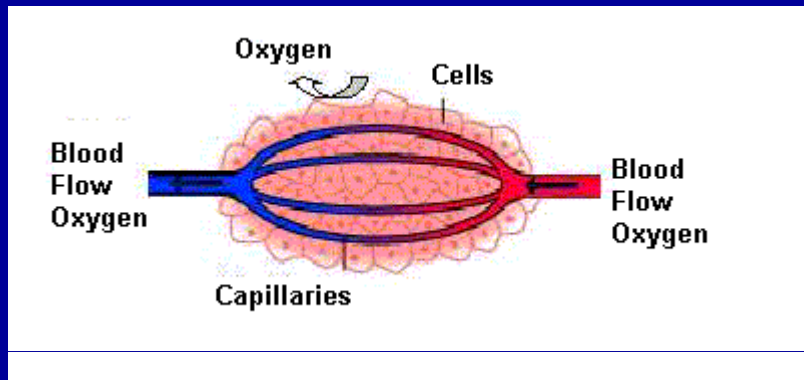
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# Cardiac risk factors in dialysis patients

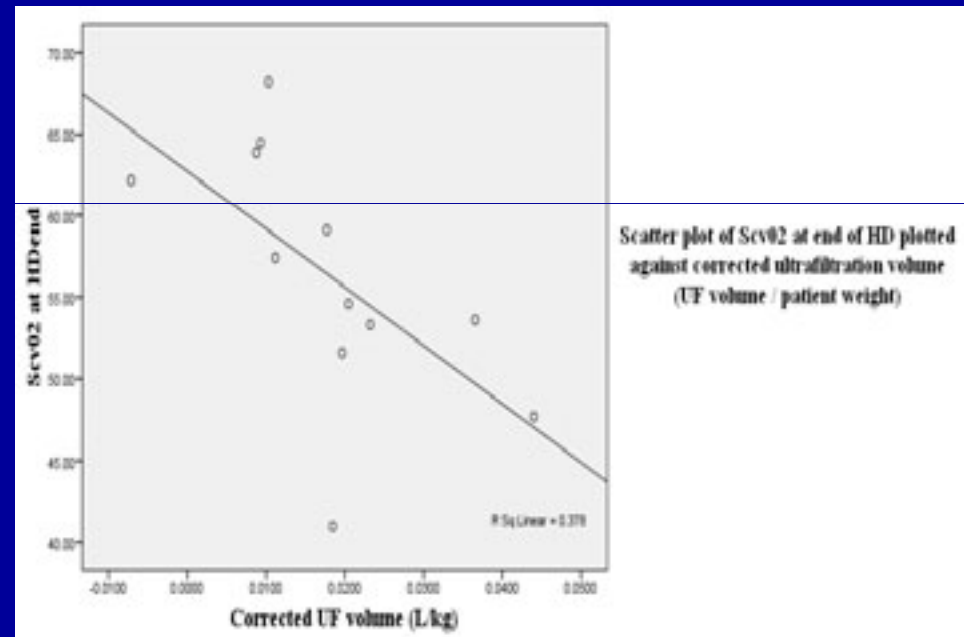


# Systemic circulatory stress in HD

## -Effects of HD on ScVO<sub>2</sub>



ScVO<sub>2</sub> Pre HD 63.5 ± 1.3%, post HD 56.4 ± 8% (p=0.04)\*

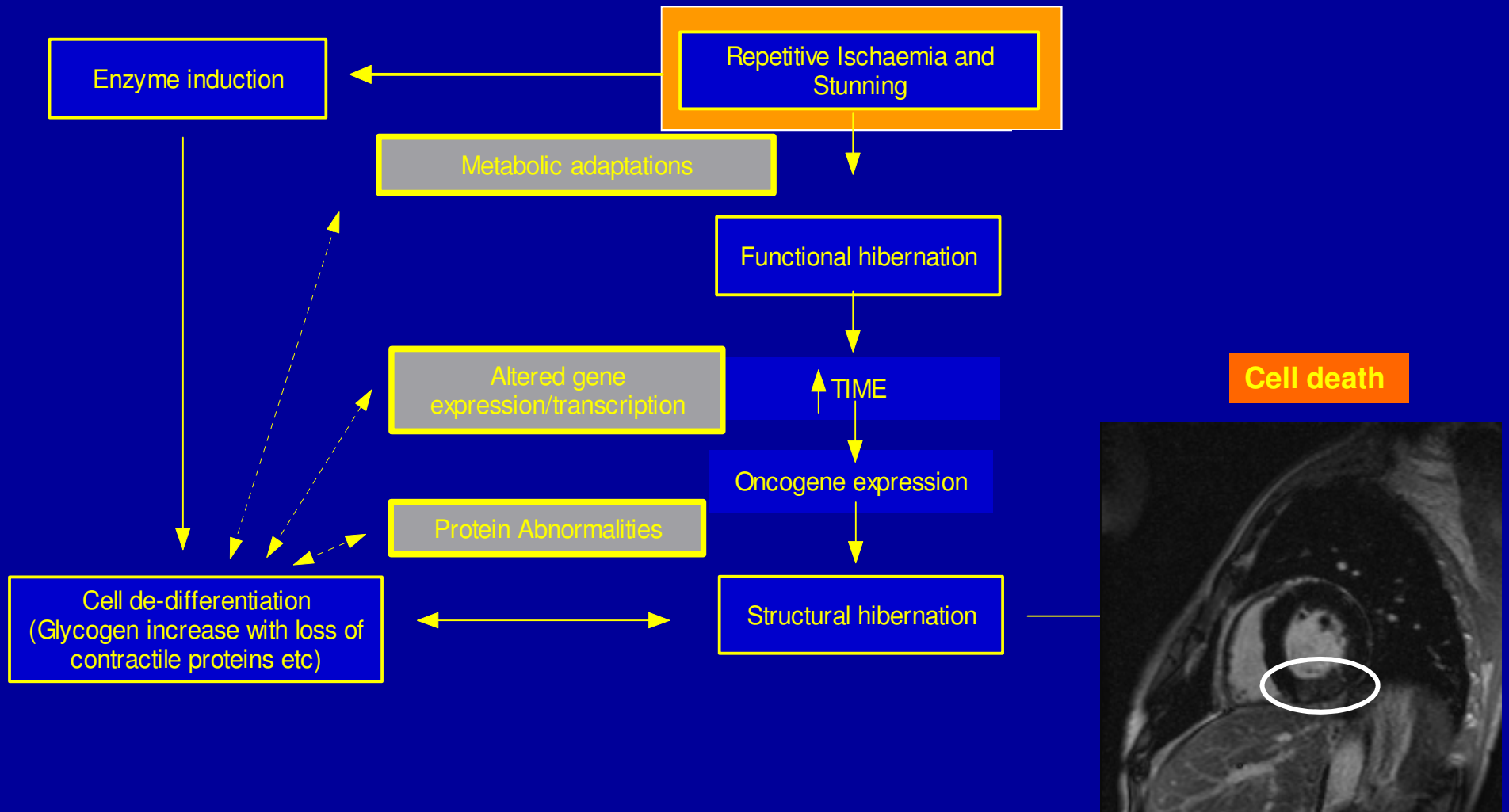


**Table 1** Limits of mixed venous oxygen saturation

SvO <sub>2</sub> >75%	Normal extraction O <sub>2</sub> supply >O <sub>2</sub> demand
75% >SvO <sub>2</sub> >50%	Compensatory extraction Increasing O <sub>2</sub> demand or decreasing O <sub>2</sub> supply
50% >SvO <sub>2</sub> >30%	Exhaustion of extraction Beginning of lactic acidosis O <sub>2</sub> supply <O <sub>2</sub> demand
30% >SvO <sub>2</sub> >25%	Severe lactic acidosis
SvO <sub>2</sub> <25%	Cellular death

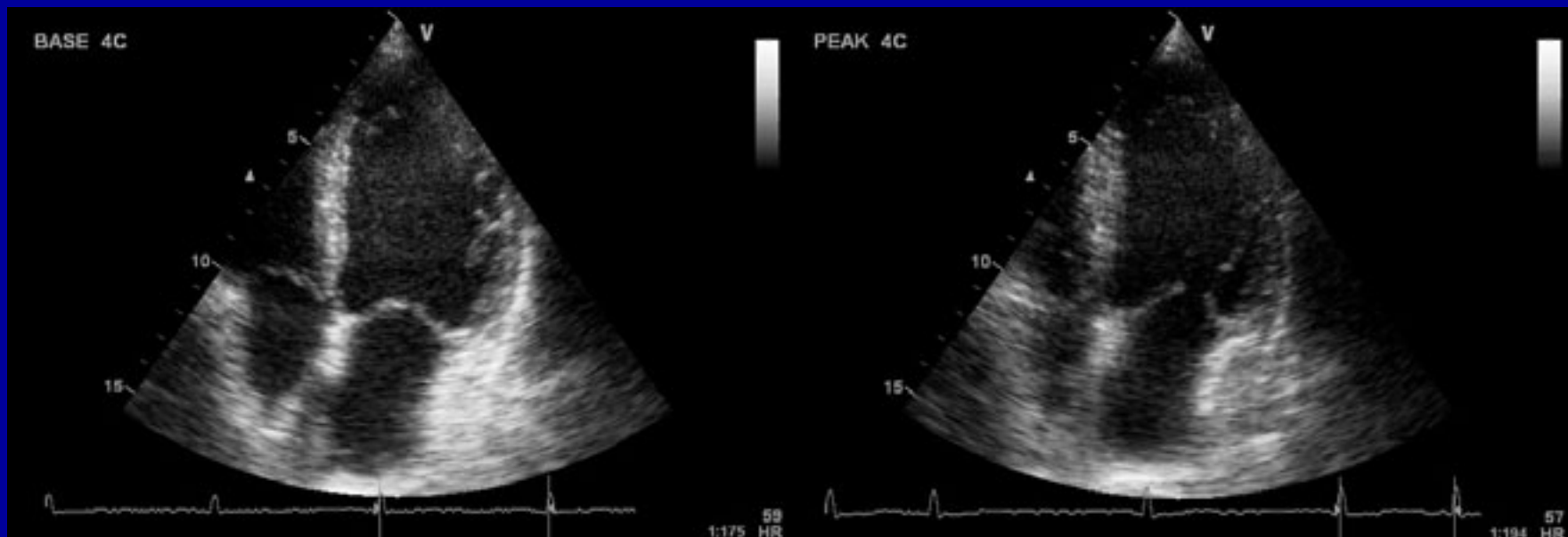
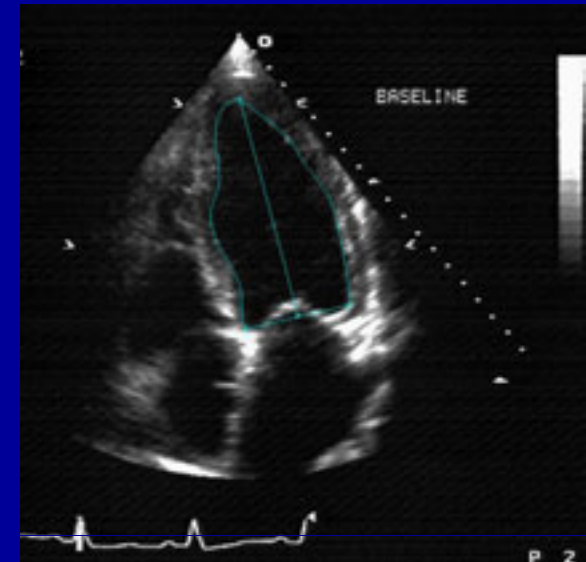
\*Harrison L, Selby NM, McIntyre CW. BRS/RA 2010

# Repetitive cardiac injury- Hibernation and heart failure

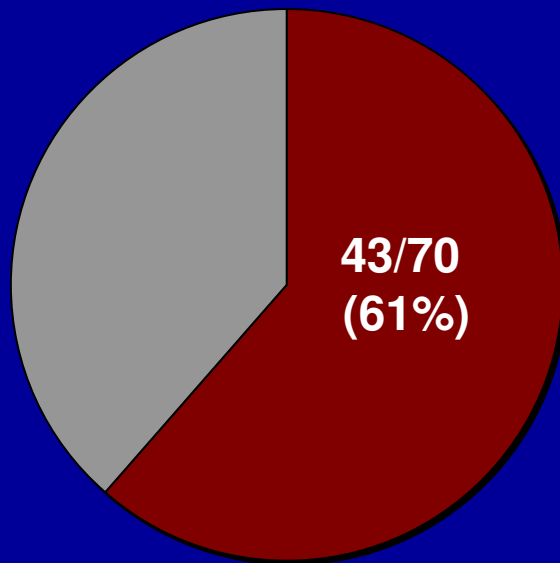


# Assessing stress response to HD. Regional Wall Motion Analysis

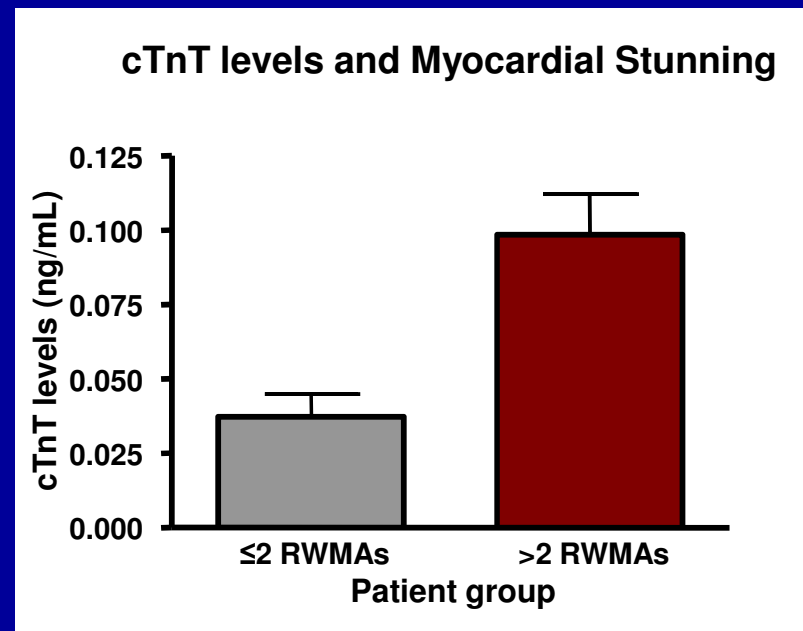
- Semi-automated software
- Wall motion is calculated over 10 regions and expressed as %SF
- RWMA is defined as reduction in SF of  $>20\%$  between baseline and peak images
- More than 2 RWMA are significant



## HD induced RWMA – prevalence and cTnT levels

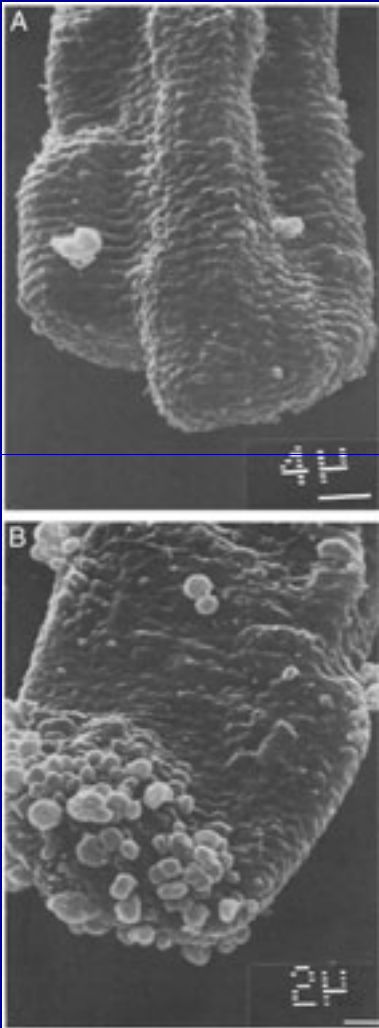


■ >2 RWMA ■ ≤2 RWMA



- The higher the cTnT, the greater the reduction in SF

## Troponin release dose not require myocardial necrosis



- Blebs develop on myocyte surface
- Prolonged ischemia → bleb rupture, necrosis & prolonged troponin release
- Shorter periods of ischemia → bleb release without rupture, shorter period of troponin release

## Factors associated with the presence of RWMA

- Factors associated with development of >2 RWMA ( $r^2=0.602$ )

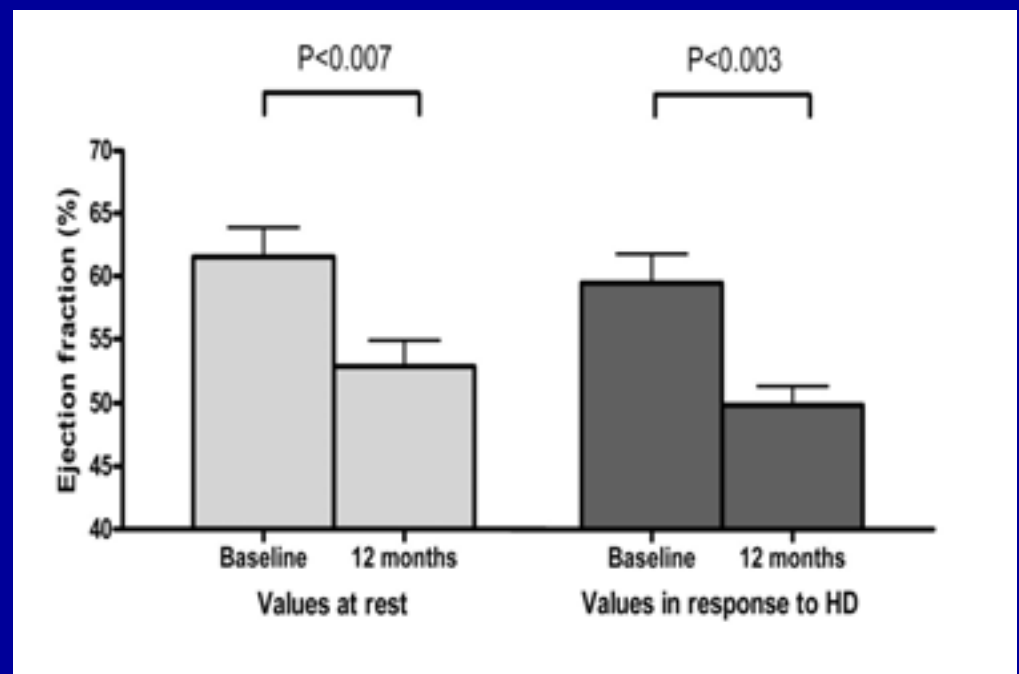
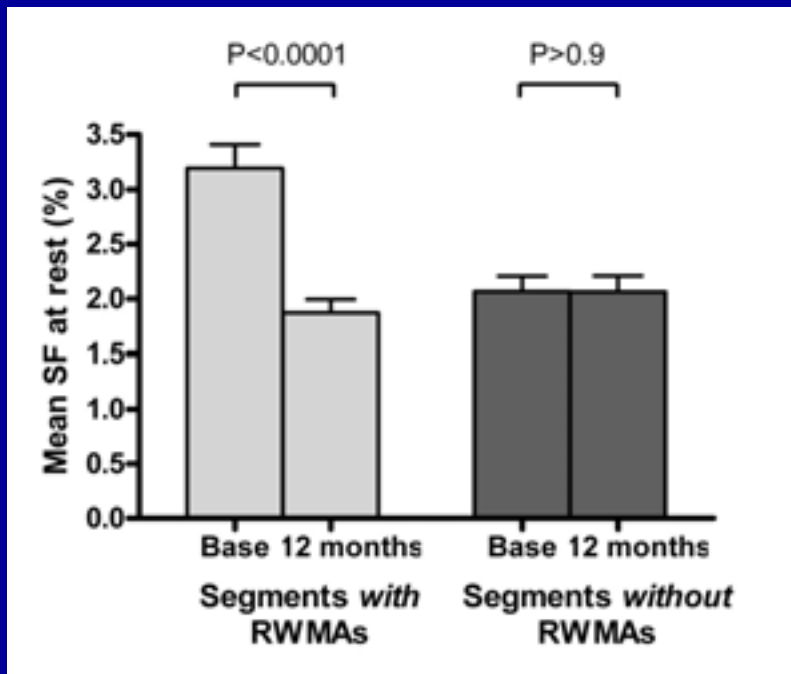
<i>Factor associated with development of myocardial stunning</i>	<i>OR</i>	<i>P value</i>
UF volume during HD of 1L	5.1	0.007
UF volume during HD of 1.5L	11.6	
UF volume during HD of 2L	26.2	
Max SBP reduction during HD of 10 mmHg	1.8	0.002
Max SBP reduction during HD of 20 mmHg	3.3	
Max SBP reduction during HD of 30 mmHg	6.0	

cTnT	1.26	1.04 – 1.54	0.004
Age	1.07	1.01 – 1.128	0.018



# HD Induced Myocardial Stunning Lead to Myocardial Hibernation and Reduction in Overall Systolic Function

- Hibernation of segments co-localised with stress induced RWMA
- Reduction in LVEF ~ 10% (absolute)
  - At rest
  - At peak stress on HD



## Other significant associations of Dialysis induced myocardial stunning

- **Inflammation\***
  - Increased levels of IL-6 and hs-CRP
- **Markers of volume status\*\***
  - Increased TBW (deuterium based)
  - Increased levels of NT-proBNP
- **Ventricular arrhythmias\*\*\***
  - 12 lead 24 hr Holter (intra and post dialytic monitoring)
  - complex ventricular arrhythmias (CVA) in 61% of patients
- **Elevated LAV\*\*\*\***

\*Jefferies HJ, McIntyre CW. EDTA 2008

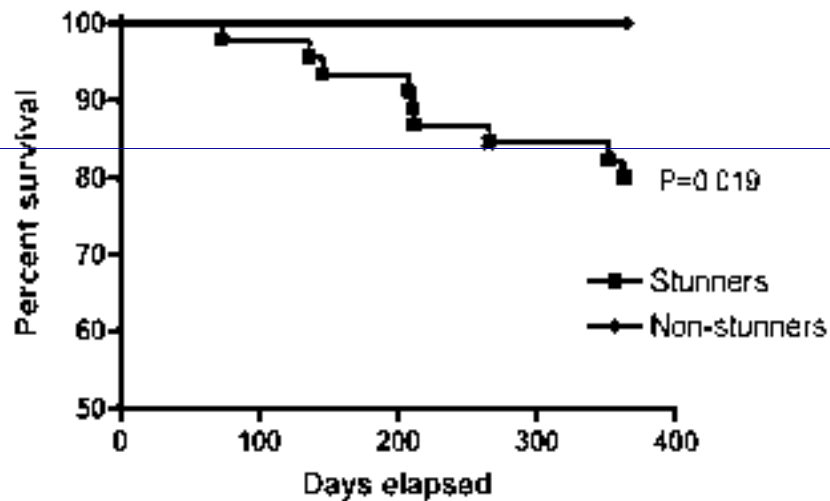
\*\*Jefferies HJ, McIntyre CW. RA/BRS 2008

\*\*\*Burton JO, Korsheed S, McIntyre CW. Renal Failure 2008

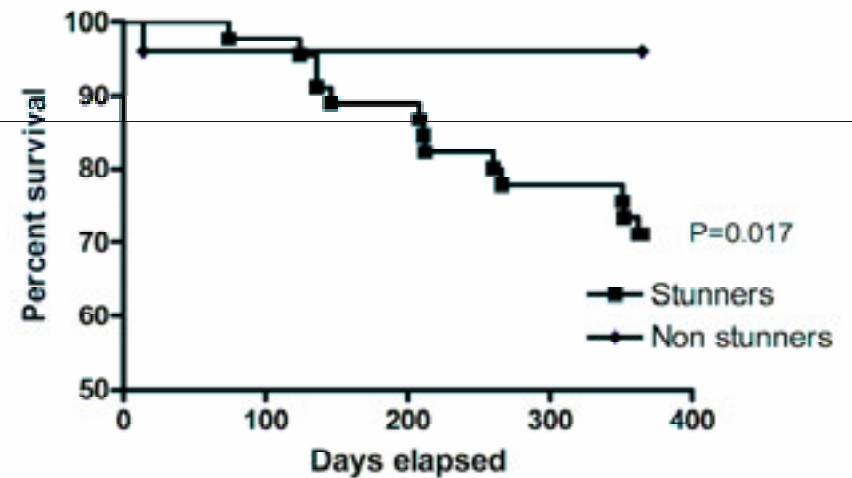
\*\*\*\*Haq I, Jefferies HJ, Burton JO, McIntyre CW. ASN 2009

# Mortality and time to CV event

Impact of Myocardial Stunning on 1-year Mortality



Impact of Myocardial Stunning on Mortality or First Cardiovascular Event



# Intradialytic segmental myocardial perfusion- using cardiac water PET



McIntyre CW. Acute cardiac effects of haemodialysis. *Kidney Int* 2009

# Effect of HD on global and segmental Myocardial Blood Flow

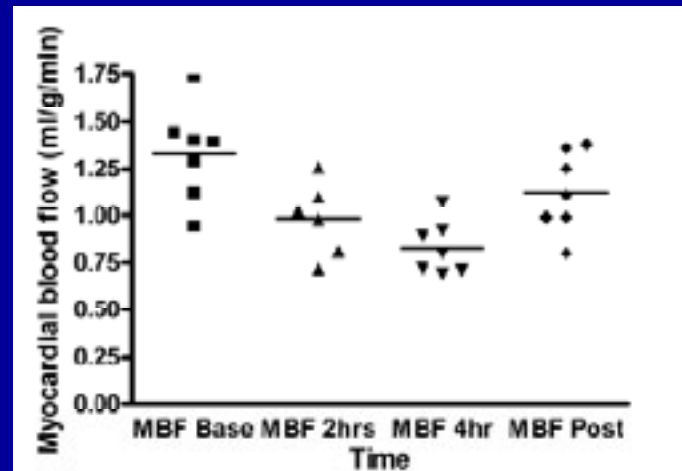
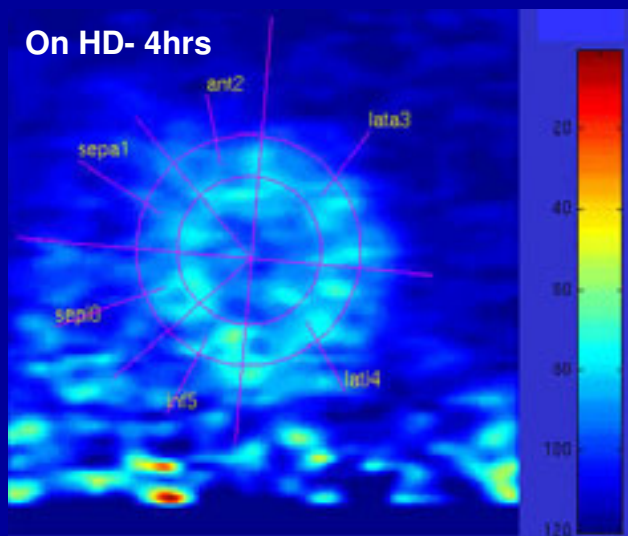
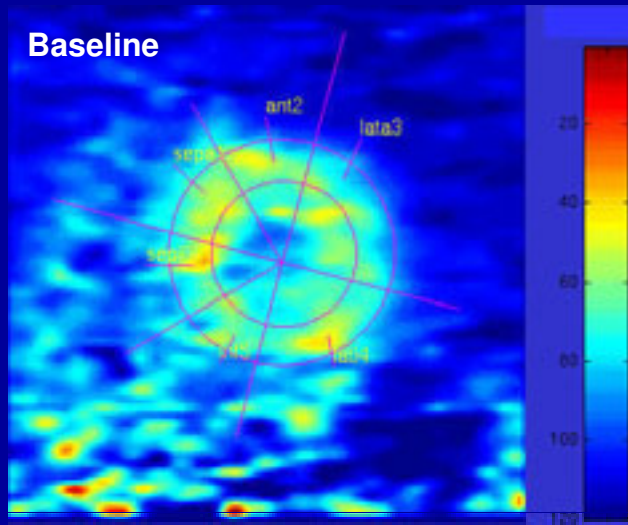


Figure 1. Mean global myocardial blood flow (MBF) reduced significantly during dialysis from baseline with partial restoration in the recovery period.

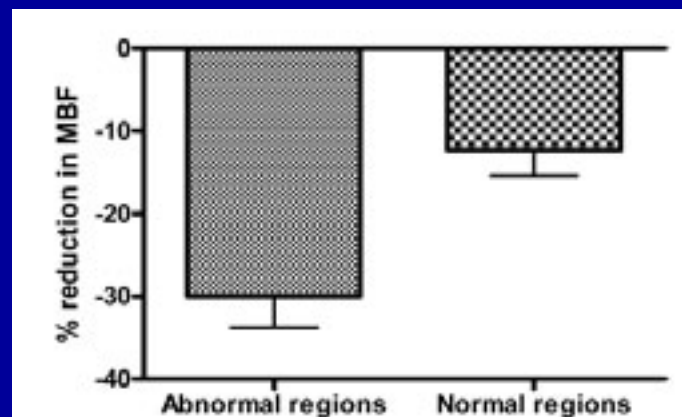
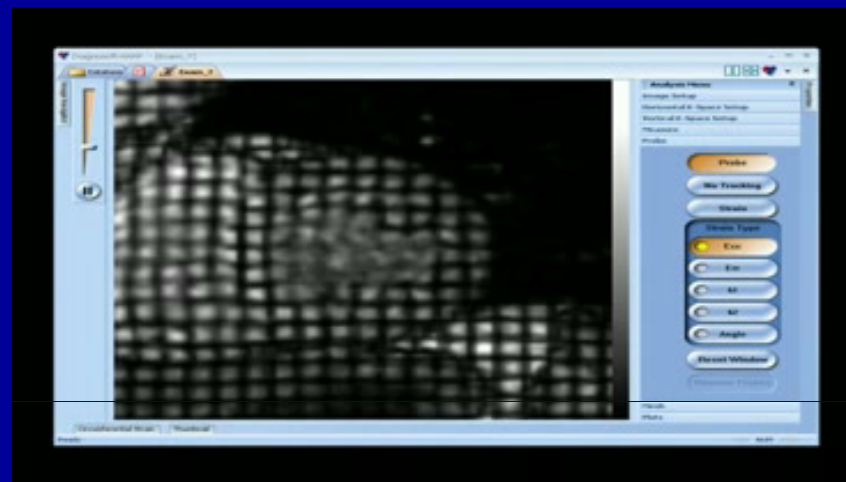


Figure 3. The development of regional ventricular dysfunction as measured by regional wall motion abnormalities (RWMA; abnormal regions) was associated with a greater reduction in MBF from baseline than areas that maintained normal movement (normal regions;  $P = 0.001$ ).

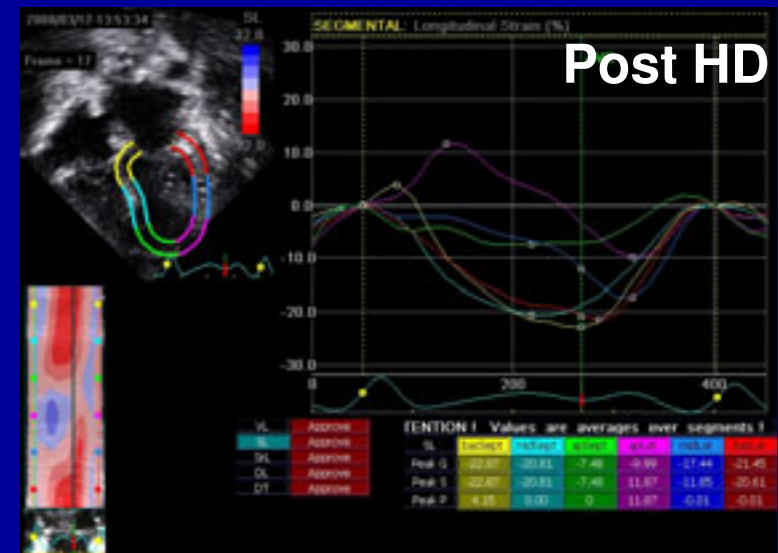
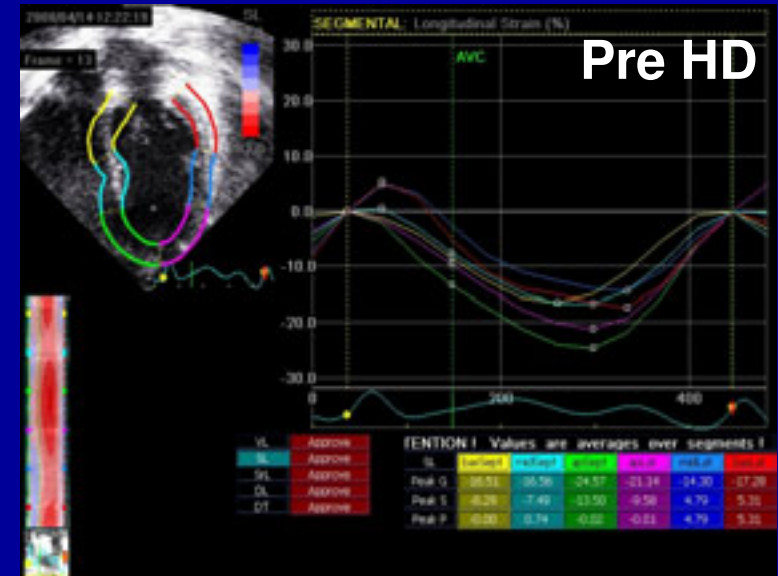
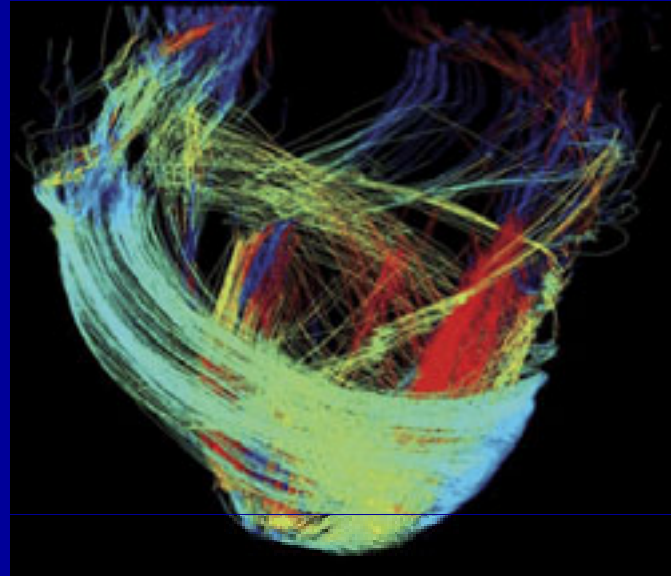
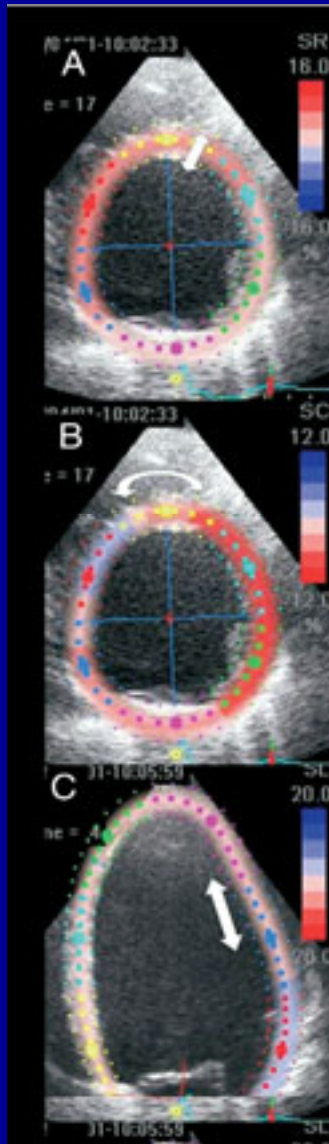
# Uraemic effects on normal cardiac function



Segment	Basal		Mid		Segment	Apical	
	HD Pts	Controls	HD Pts	Controls		HD Pts	Controls
Anterior	[Redacted]	-22±2	[Redacted]	-23±2	Anterior	[Redacted]	-27±2
Antero-septal		-19±2		-21±2	Septal		-24±2
Infero-septal		-18±1		-20±3	Inferior		-21±4
Inferior		-16±2		-18±2	Lateral		-25±3
Postero-Lateral		-21±2		-22±3			
Antero-Lateral		-21±2		-24±3			



# LV Strain studies- 2D Speckle tracing



- predisposition to longitudinal axis dysfunction
- predisposition to LV mechanical asynchrony

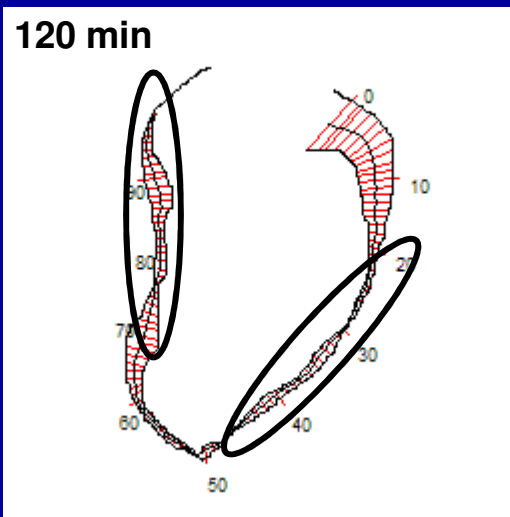
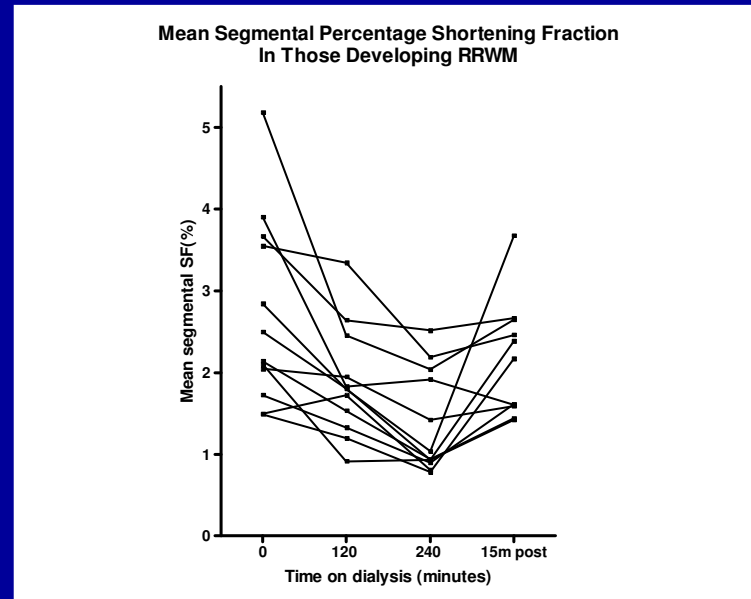
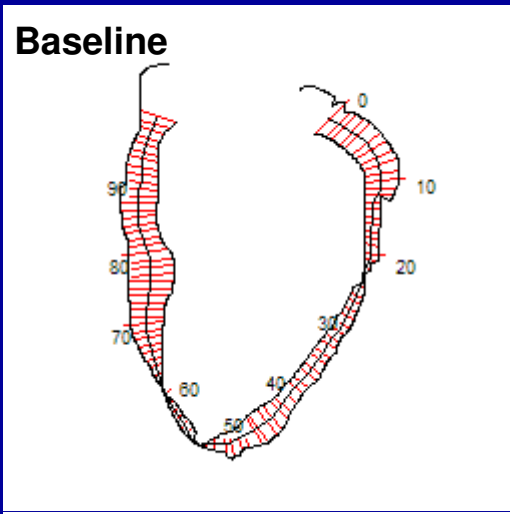
# Children on dialysis- uraemia without epicardial CAD



Patient	Age (yrs)	Months on Dialysis	Months on HD	Cause of ESRF	AV fistula	LV septum [Z-score]	LV Posterior wall [Z-score]
1	5.7	4	4	renal dysplasia	yes	1.3	1.7
2	17.1	130	89	cystinosis	yes	1.6	0.3
3	15.7	43	43	FSGS	yes	0.1	1.4
4	15.0	24	4	renal dysplasia	yes	0.3	0.2
5	15.7	32	32	FSGS	yes	2.6	1.9
6	13.8	7	4	renal dysplasia	no	5.9	6.3
7	11.2	41	35	renal dysplasia	yes	0.5	-0.6
8	13.6	15	15	FSGS	no	0.6	-1.1
9	2.2	7	7	glomerulocystic	no	1.5	1.7
10	17.0	12	12	bilateral VUR	yes	1.9	1.7
11	7.6	62	62	ARPKD	yes	1.0	0.3
12	14.6	23	6	cystic dysplasia	yes	2.6	1.2



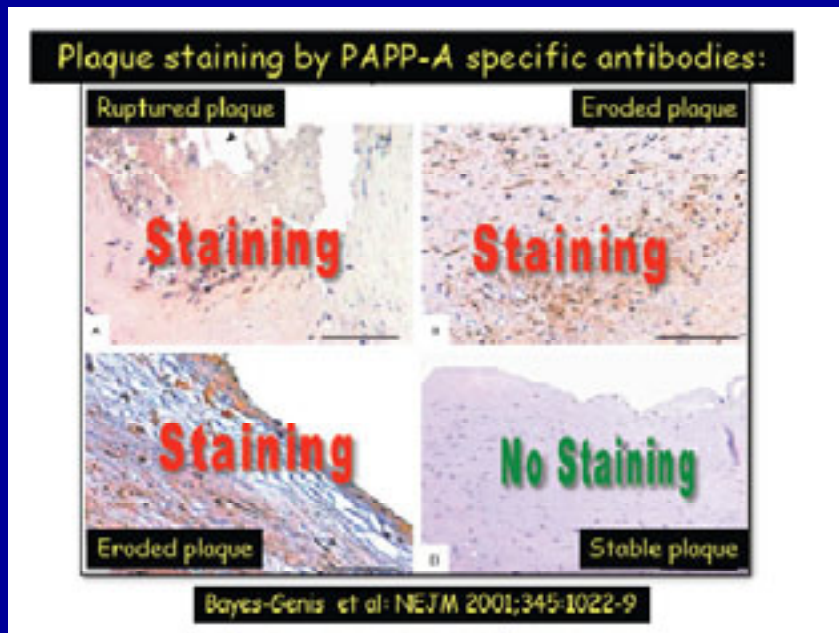
# Recurrent HD induced myocardial stunning in children



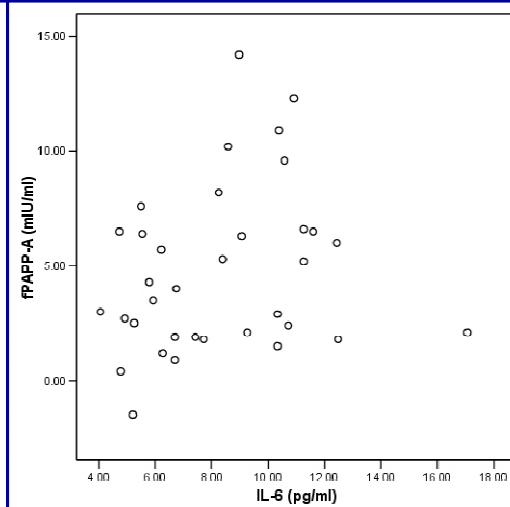
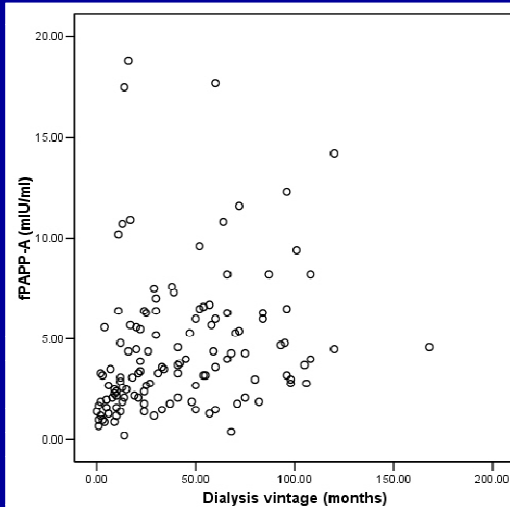
<b>Proportion stunning</b>	<b>11/12</b>
<b>Age (years)</b>	<b>12.4(2-17)</b>
<b>UF volume(L)</b>	<b>1.2± 079</b>
<b>Delta BP (mmHg)</b>	<b>25.5± 9</b>
<b>Pre HD LVEF ( %)</b>	<b>55 ± 8.3</b>
<b>Post HD LVEF ( %)</b>	<b>54.6± 7.5</b>

# PAPP-A in HD patients

## Combined study with Finland



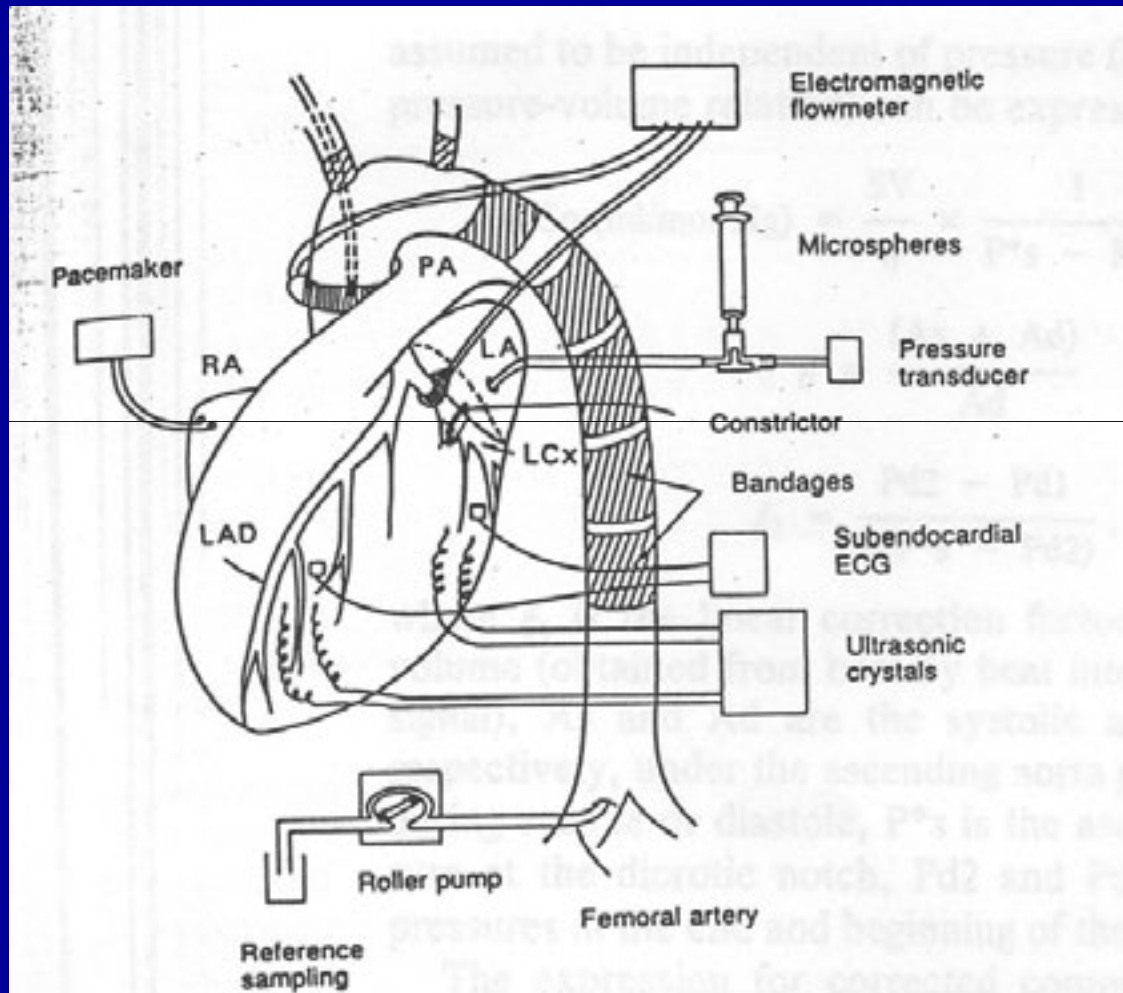
- Strongly associated with ACS and outcomes\*
- NO ASSOCIATION WITH HD INDUCED ACUTE CARDIAC INJURY\*\*



\*Risto T. Clin Chemistry 2009

\*\* Jefferies HJ, Risto T, Whitforth S, McIntyre CW. ASN 2009

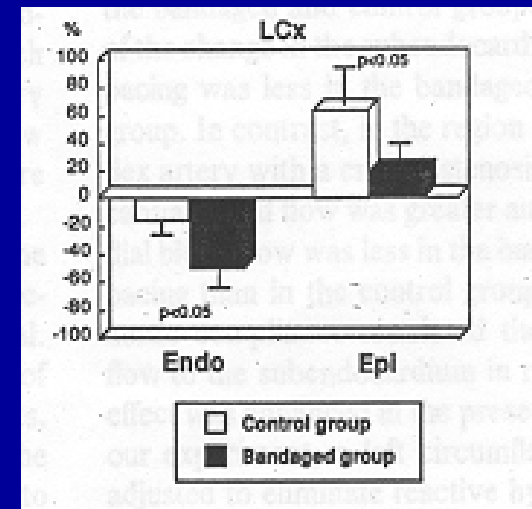
# How can aortic compliance induce myocardial ischaemia ?



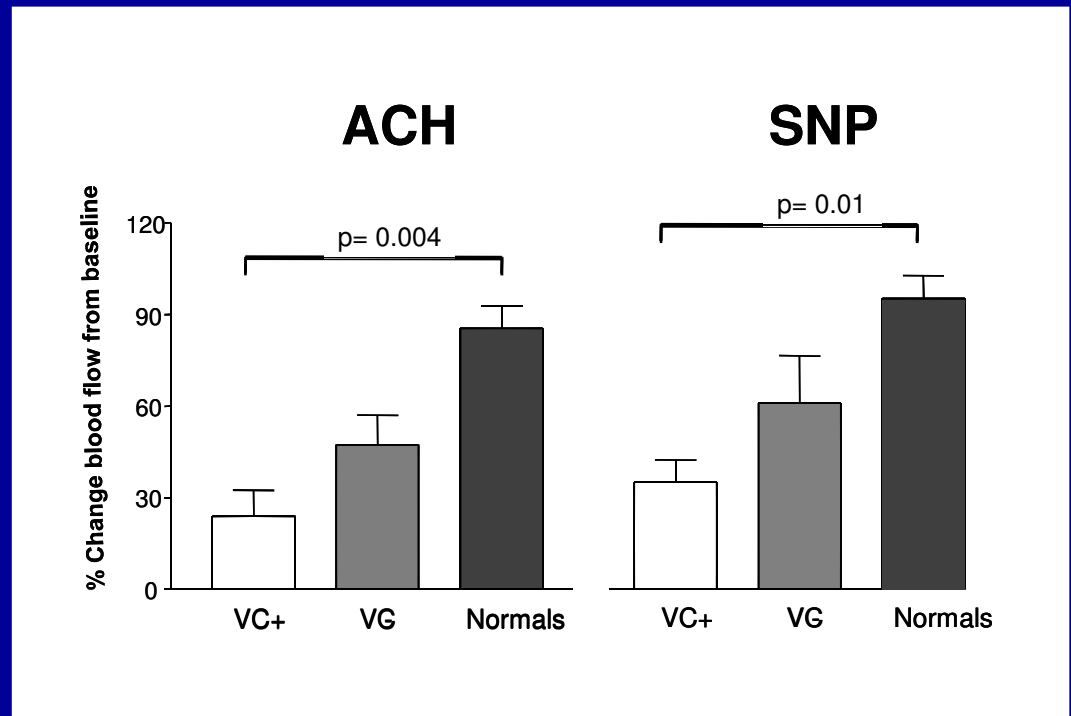
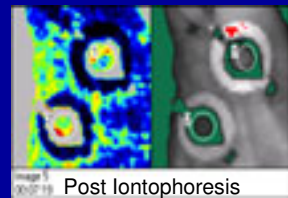
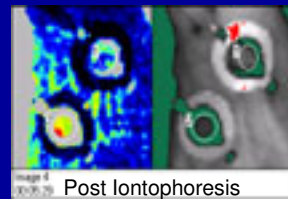
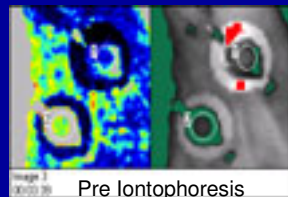
## ECG changes

- 3-4 mm ST depression
- at rest and stressed

## Myocardial perfusion

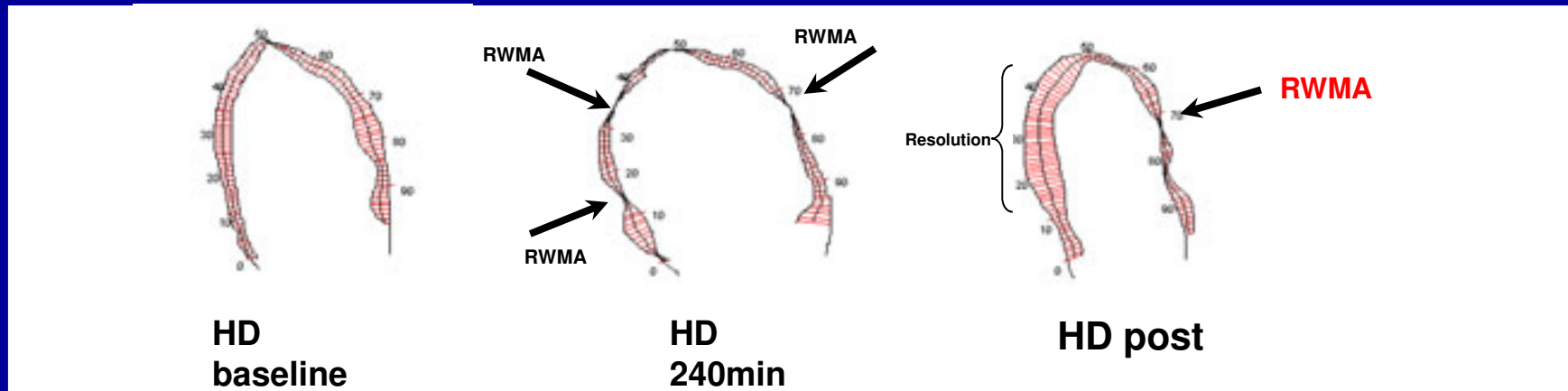


# Microcirculatory disturbance in HD and vascular calcification

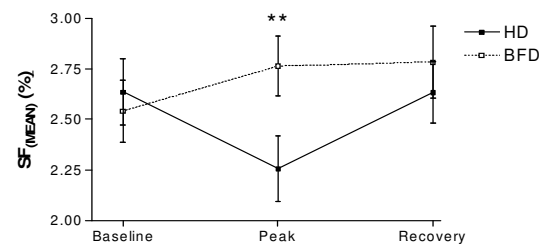
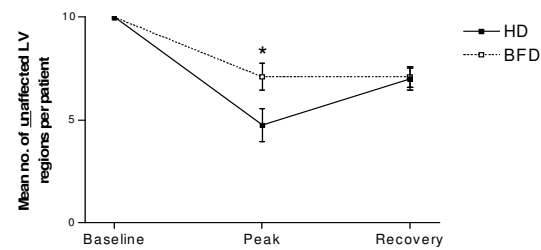




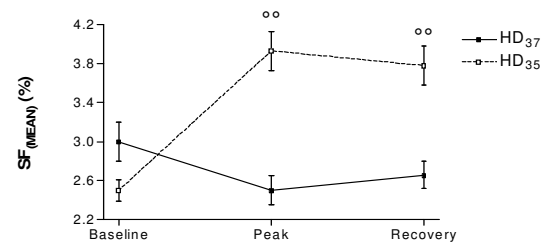
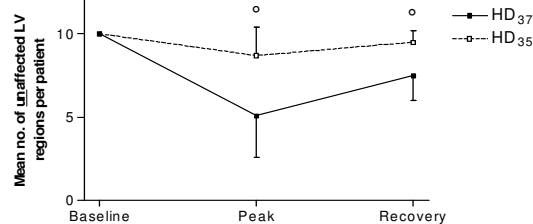
# Reduction in HD induced circulatory stress ameliorates myocardial stunning



a) standard dialysis vs. biofeedback



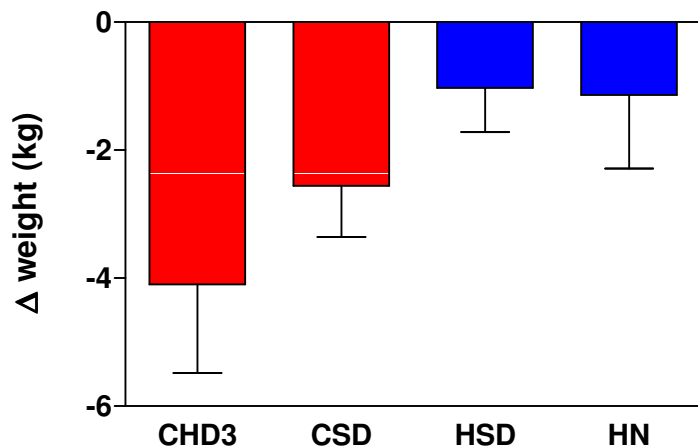
b) standard dialysis vs. cool dialysis



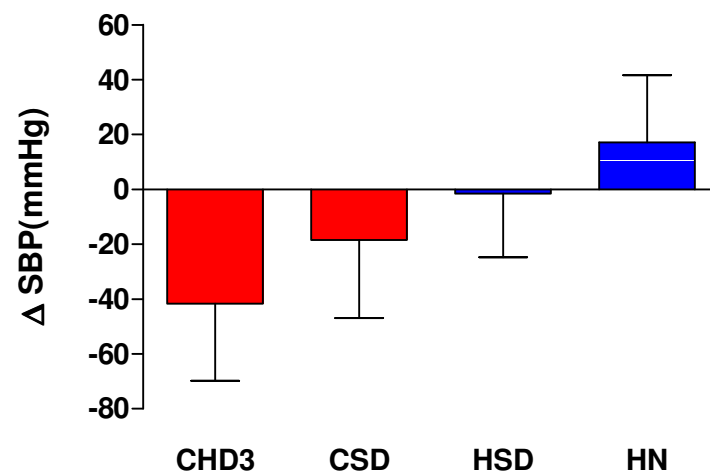
N Selby, S Lambie, C Baker, P Camici, C McIntyre. AJKD 2006  
 Selby NJ, Burton JO, McIntyre CW. Clin J Am Soc Nephrol 2006

# Daily dialysis impact on UF and BP

Weight change Pre-dialysis to Peak stress

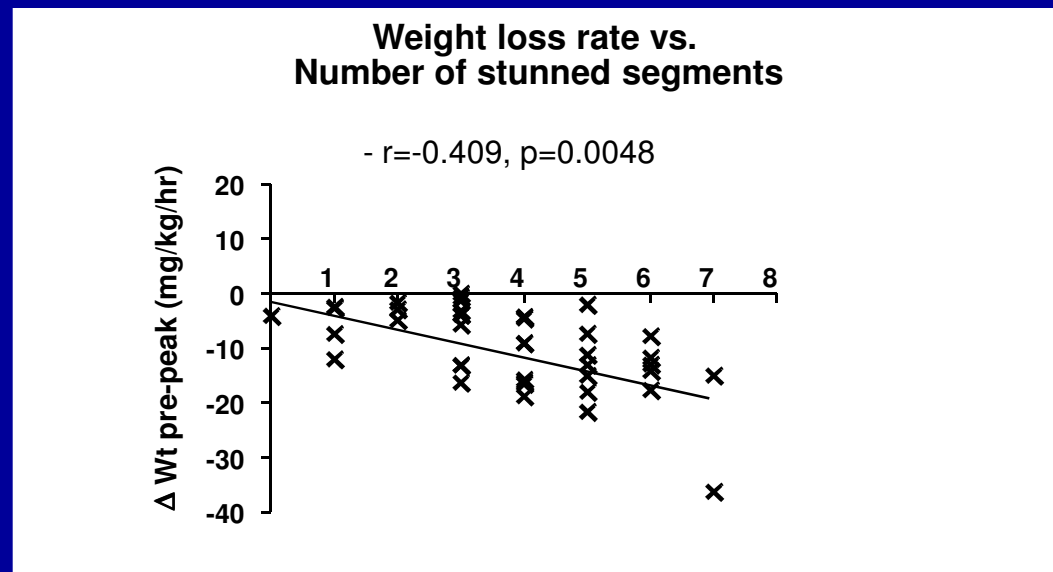
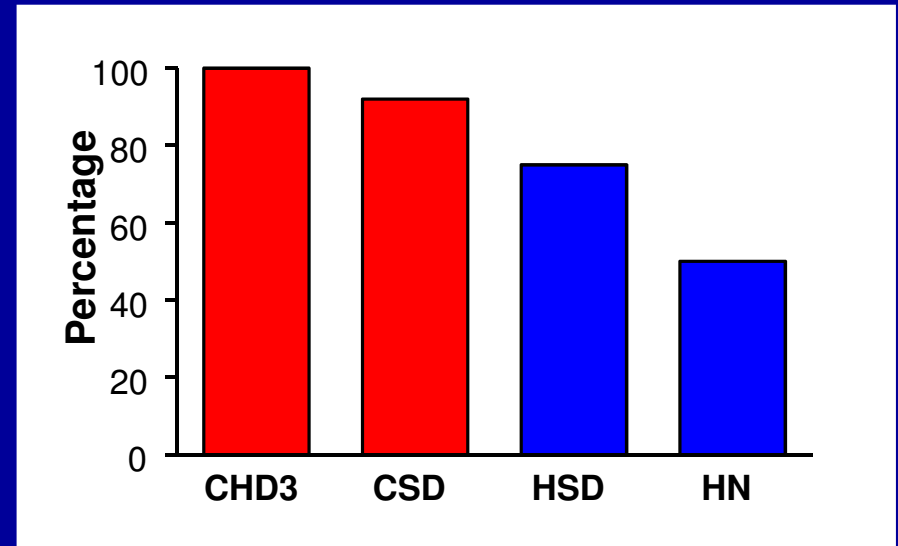
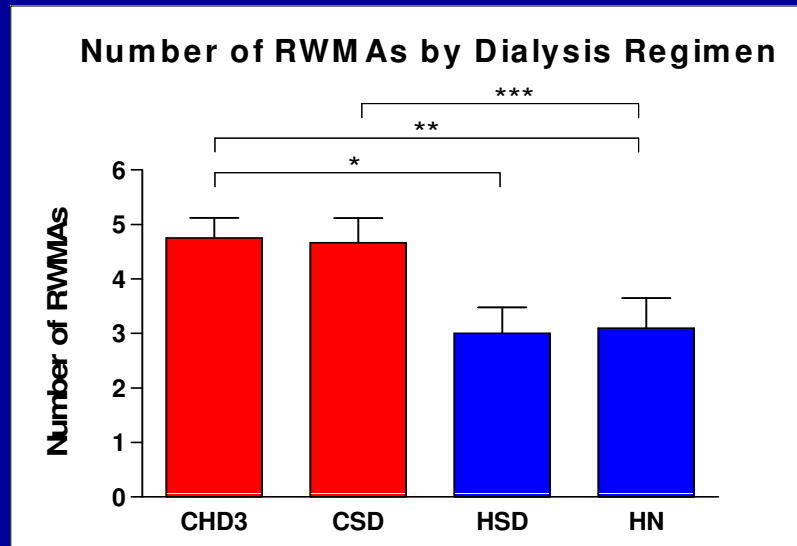


Change in Systolic BP, Pre-dialysis to Peak stress



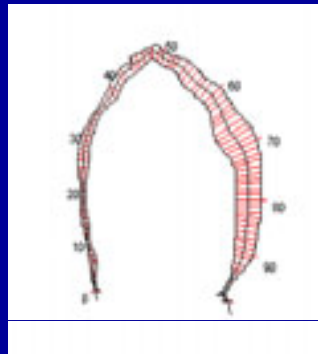
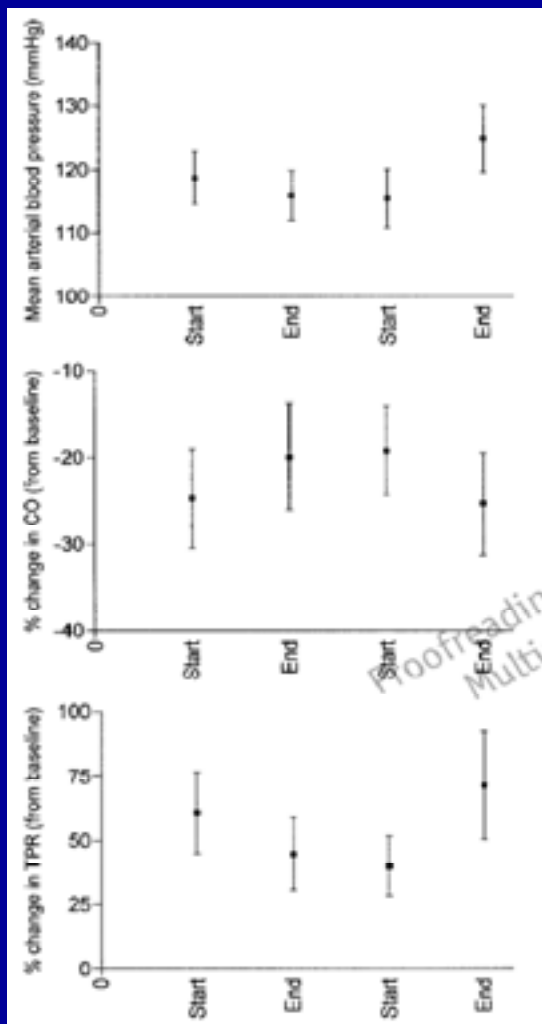
Patients fully matched for age, sex, history of IHD and dialysis vintage

# Impact of dialysis schedule- Intradialytic cardiac stunning

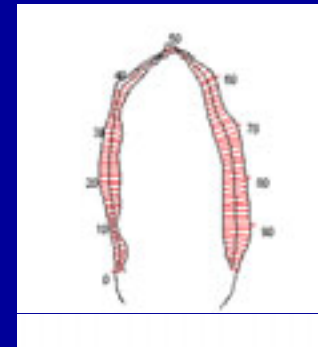




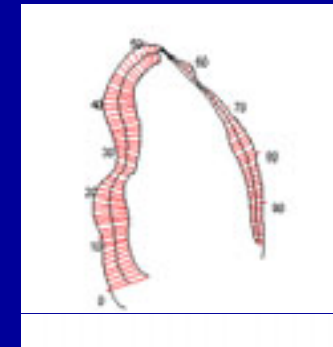
# Peritoneal dialysis is not associated with myocardial stunning



baseline



Drain/fill



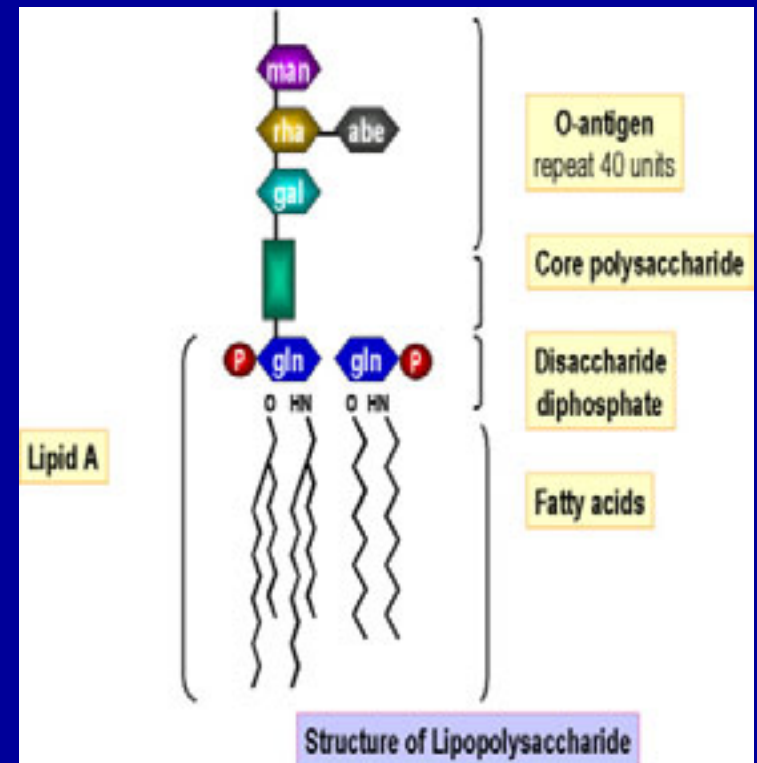
Post UF

Limited evidence (<5% of segments during drain/fill cycle)

Studied during drain/fill and at peak ultrafiltration  
Patients studied had little structural cardiac disease

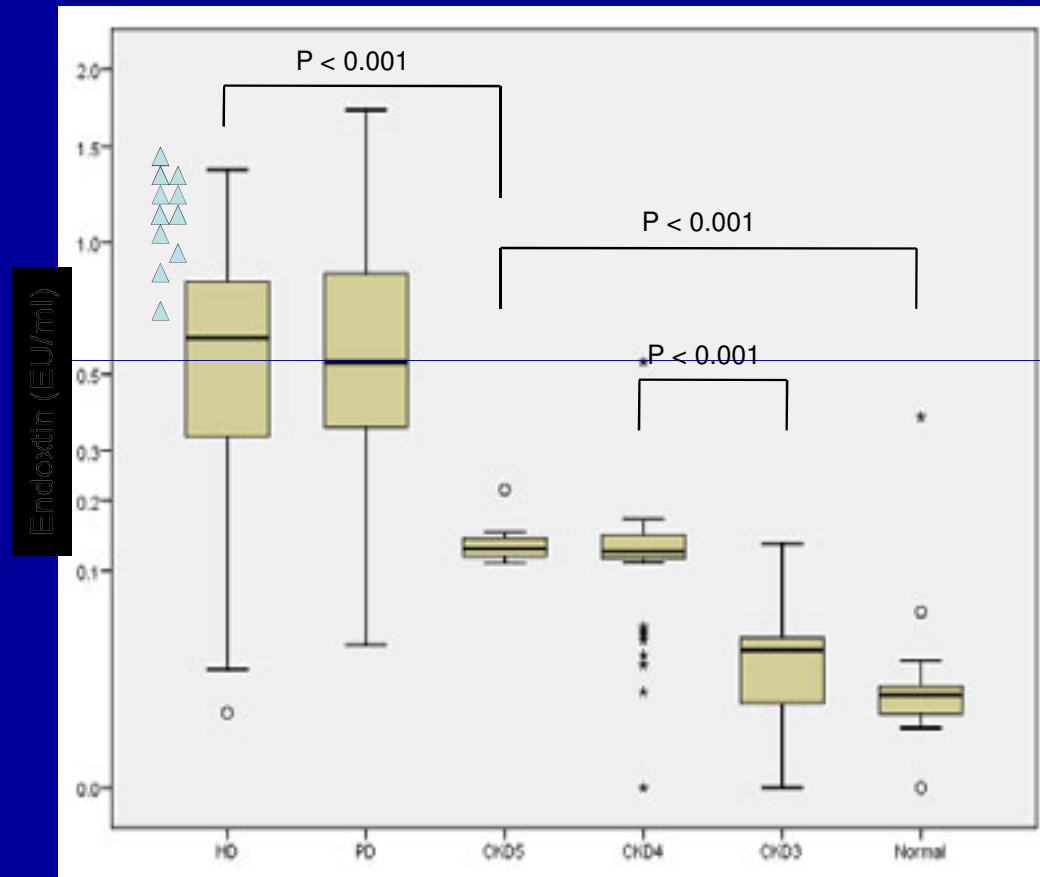
# Endotoxin and heart failure

- Bacterial endotoxin is a lipopolysaccharide (LPS) comprising over 70% of the total bacteria in the **human gut**
- Stimulus for immune activation in the pro-**inflammatory** state of congestive heart failure (CHF)\*
- ET enters the circulation via bacterial translocation from the gut
  - bowel **oedema**
  - **hypoperfusion**
- Endotoxinaemia reduces with
  - Reduction in **venous congestion**
  - Selective **gut detoxification**

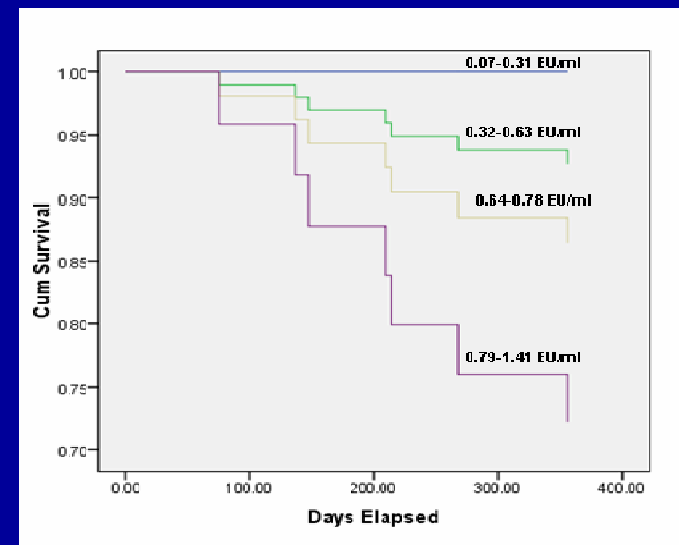
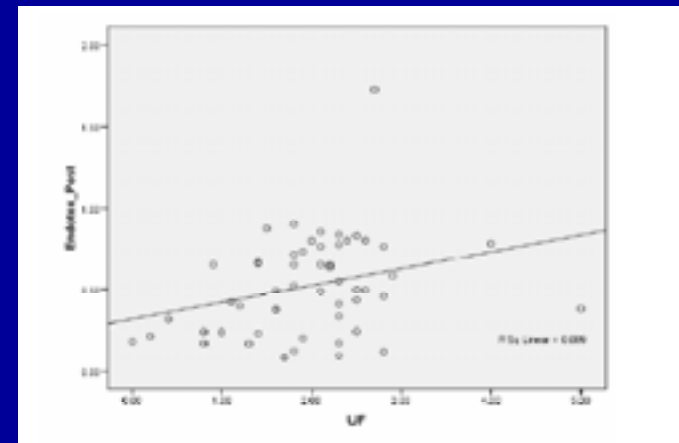
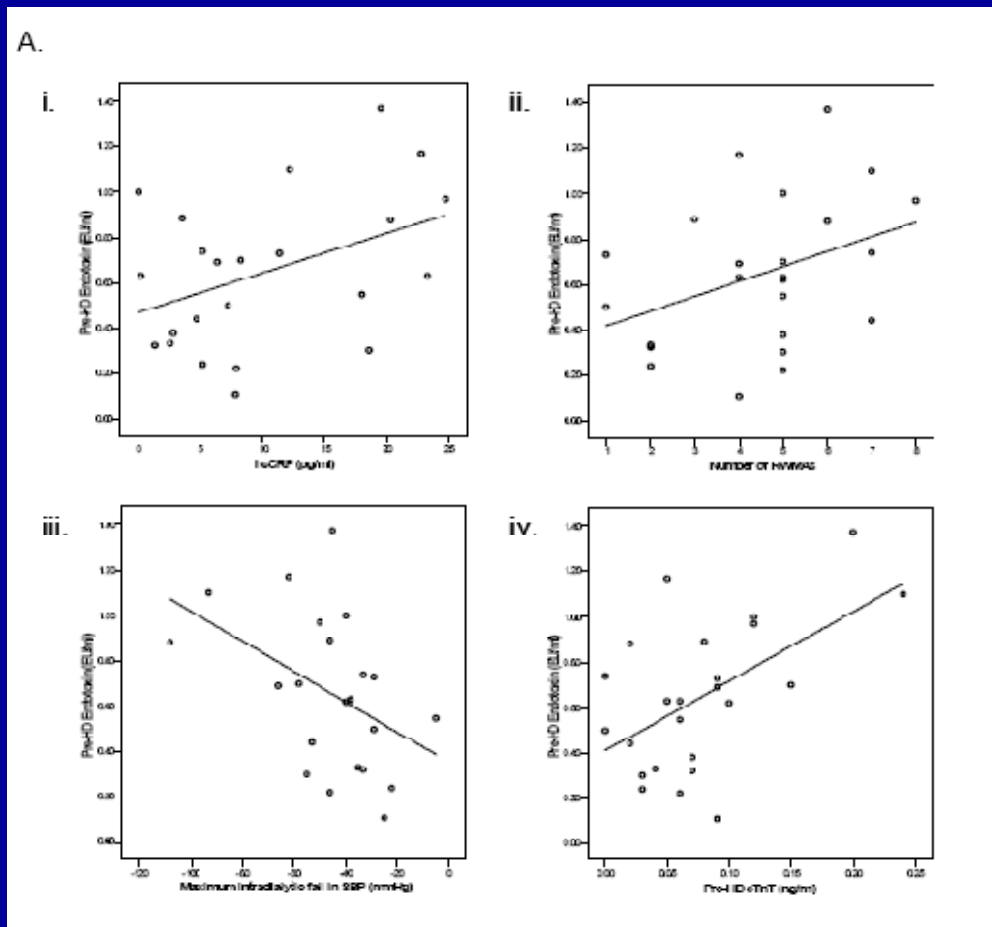


\*Anker, S.D., et al. Am J Cardiol, 1997

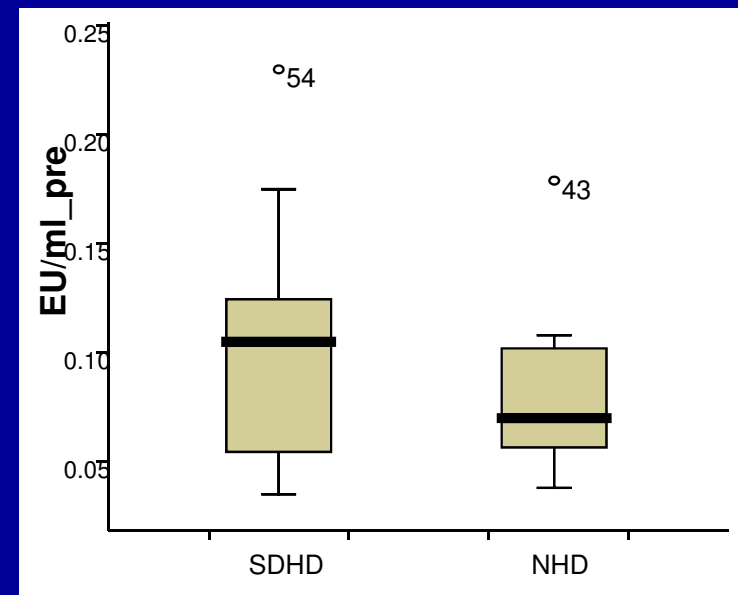
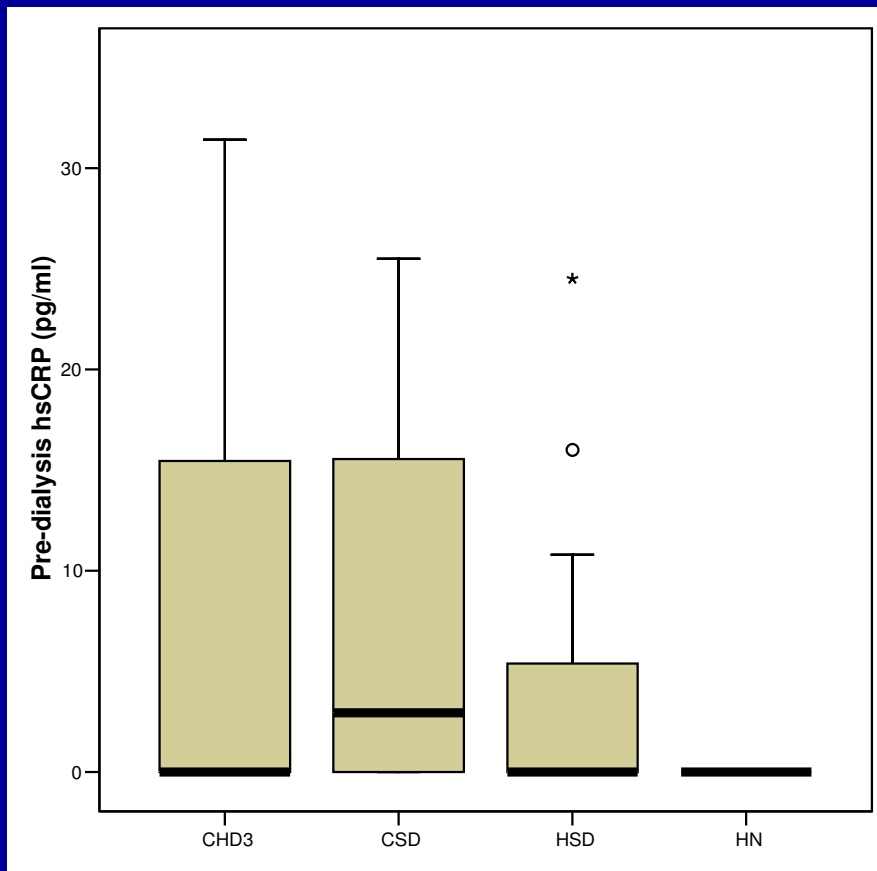
# Endotoxaemia in CKD 3- 5D



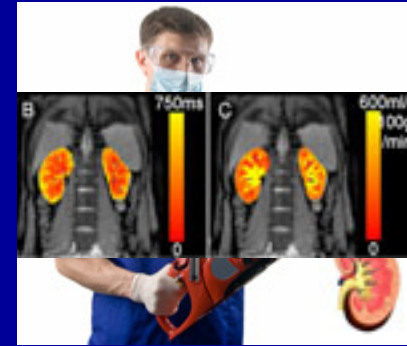
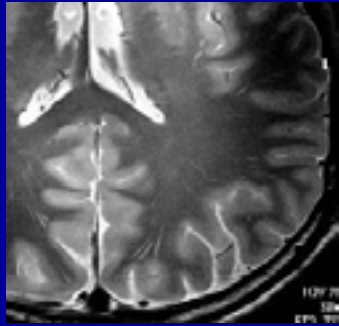
# Effect of haemodialysis related factors on Endotoxaemia



# Endotoxaemia and inflammation in daily dialysis patients



# Dialysis hurts hearts- and a whole lot more besides



← ENDOTOXIN ←



**Interventional studies are great.....but make sure you're testing the right one**

